

NDUFB9 Rabbit mAb

货号: B31377

产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse,Rat
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Monoclonal
预测反应	
应用	WB IHC ICC IP FC
推荐浓度	WB: 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC: 1:50 - 1:200 ICC: 1:50 - 1:200 IP: 1:20 - 1:50 FC: 1:20 - 1:50
理论分子量	21kDa
实测分子量	22kDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.75% BSA,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	293T,Jurkat,Mouse liver,Mouse kidney,Rat skeletal muscle,Rat brain,Rat heart
细胞定位	Matrix side,Mitochondrion inner membrane,Peripheral membrane protein
纯化	Affinity purification

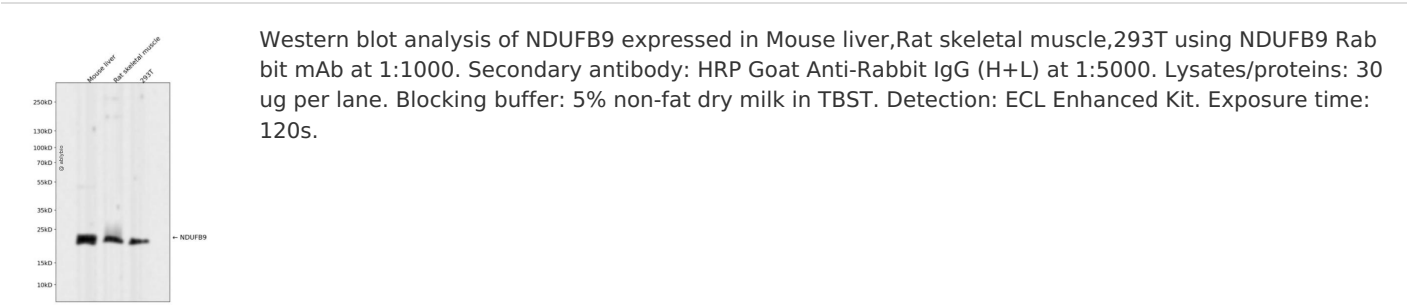
抗原信息

抗原信息	Recombinant fusion protein corresponding to Human NDUFB9.
序列	EHKNEKDMAKATQLLKEAEEEFWYRQHPQPYIFPDSPGGTSYERYDCYKVPEWCLDDWHPSEKAMYPDYFAKREQWKKLRRESWEREVKQLQEETPPGGPLTEALPPARKEGDLPLWYIVTRPRERPM

靶点信息

研究背景	The protein encoded by this gene is a subunit of the mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation complex I (nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide: ubiquinone oxidoreductase). Complex I is localized to the inner mitochondrial membrane and functions to dehydrogenate nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide and to shuttle electrons to coenzyme Q. Complex I deficiency is the most common defect found in oxidative phosphorylation disorders and results in a range of conditions, including lethal neonatal disease, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, liver disease, and adult-onset neurodegenerative disorders. Pseudogenes of this gene are found on chromosomes five, seven and eight. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.
基因ID	4715
基因名	NDUFB9
Swiss	Q9Y6M9
别名	NDUFB9;B22;CI-B22;LYRM3;UQOR22

产品验证



实验步骤

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