

BRI1 Rabbit pAb

货号: B23451

产品信息

反应	Arabidopsis thaliana
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	
应用	WB
推荐浓度	WB: 1:100 - 1:500
理论分子量	130kDa
实测分子量	131KDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.05% proclin300,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	Before inflorescence,Rosette leaf
细胞定位	endosome,plasma membrane
纯化	Affinity purification

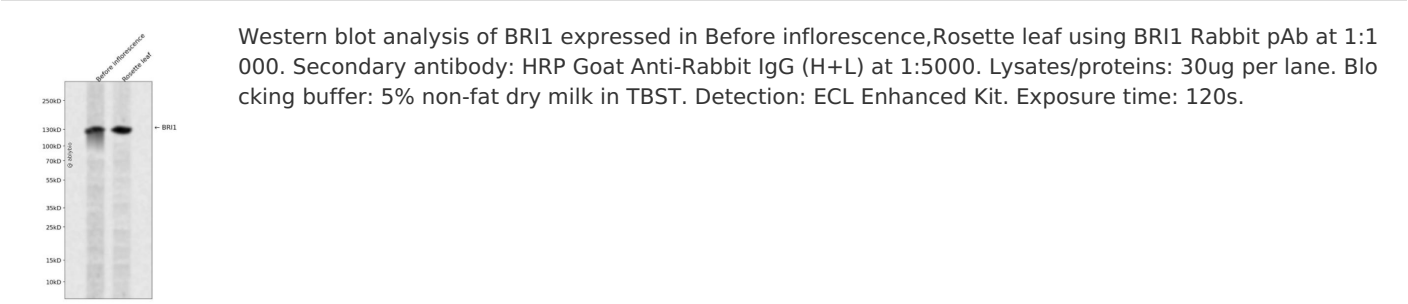
抗原信息

抗原信息	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 24-280 of arabidopsis thaliana BRI1 (NP_195650.1).
序列	FQASPSQSLYREIHQLISFKDVLDPKNLLPDWSSNKNPCTFDGVTCTRDDKVTSIDLSSKPLNVGFSAVSSSLLSLTGLESFL LSNSHINGSVSGFKCSASLTSLDLNRNSLSGPVTTLTSLGSCSGLKFLNVSSNTLDFPGKVSGGLKLNSEVLDSLANSISG ANVVGWVLSDGCGELKHLAISGNKISGDVDVSRVCNLEFLDVSSNNFSTGIPFLGDCSALQHLDISGNKLSGDFSRAIST CTELKLLNISSNQ

靶点信息

研究背景	Encodes a plasma membrane localized leucine-rich repeat receptor kinase involved in brassinosteroid signal transduction. BRI1 ligand is brassinolide which binds at the extracellular domain. Binding results in phosphorylation of the kinase domain which activates the BRI1 protein leading to BR responses. Residue T-1049 and either S-1044 or T-1045 were essential for kinase function in vitro and normal BRI1 signaling in planta. The structure of BRI1 ligand-binding domain has been determined at 2.5Å resolution. Although BAK1 and BRI1 alone localize in the plasma membrane, when BAK1 and BRI1 are coexpressed, the heterodimer BAK1/BRI1 they form is localized in the endosome. BRI1 appears to be involved in the autonomous pathway that regulates the transition to flowering, primarily through its effects on FLC expression levels, as uncovered by double mutant analyses. This most likely occurs as a result of BRI1-dependent effects on histone acetylation, but not histone triMeH3K4 methylation, at the FLC locus.
基因ID	830095
基因名	
Swiss	O22476
别名	ATBRI1; BIN1; BR INSENSITIVE 1; BRASSINOSTEROID INSENSITIVE 1; CABBAGE 2; CBB2; DWARF 2; DWF2; F23K16.30; F23K16_30

产品验证



实验步骤

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