

KLRK1 Rabbit pAb

货号: **B19882**

产品信息

反应	Human
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	
应用	IF/ICC
推荐浓度	IF/ICC: 1:50 - 1:200
理论分子量	25kDa
实测分子量	25kDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thiomersal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	
细胞定位	Cell membrane,Single-pass type II membrane protein
纯化	Affinity purification

抗原信息

抗原信息	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 50-150 of human KLRK1 (NP_031386 .2).	
序列	ASPFFFCCFIAVAMGIRFIIMVTIWSAVFLNSLFNQEVQIPLTESYCGPCPKNWICYKNNCYQFFDESKNWYESQASCMSQN ASLLKVYSKEDQDLLKLVK	

靶点信息

研究背景	Natural killer (NK) cells are lymphocytes that can mediate lysis of certain tumor cells and virus-infected c ells without previous activation. They can also regulate specific humoral and cell-mediated immunity. NK cells preferentially express several calcium-dependent (C-type) lectins, which have been implicated in the regulation of NK cell function. The NKG2 gene family is located within the NK complex, a region that cont ains several C-type lectin genes preferentially expressed in NK cells. This gene encodes a member of the NKG2 family. The encoded transmembrane protein is characterized by a type II membrane orientation (h as an extracellular C terminus) and the presence of a C-type lectin domain. It binds to a diverse family of ligands that include MHC class I chain-related A and B proteins and UL-16 binding proteins, where ligand-r eceptor interactions can result in the activation of NK and T cells. The surface expression of these ligands is important for the recognition of stressed cells by the immune system, and thus this protein and its ligan ds are therapeutic targets for the treatment of immune diseases and cancers. Read-through transcription exists between this gene and the upstream KLRC4 (killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily C, member 4) family member in the same cluster.
基因 ID	22914
基因名	
Swiss	P26718
别名	KLRK1;CD314;D12S2489E;KLR;NKG2-D;NKG2D

产品验证

实验步骤

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