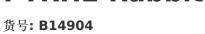
PTRH2 Rabbit pAb



产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse,Rat
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	WB: HeLa
应用	WB IHC IF/ICC
推荐浓度	WB: 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC: 1:50 - 1:200 IF/ICC: 1:10 - 1:100
理论分子量	19kDa
实测分子量	19kDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	MCF7,BT-474,SW480,Mouse liver,Mouse spleen,Mouse thymus,Rat brain
细胞定位	Mitochondrion
纯化	Affinity purification

抗原信息

抗原	東信息	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 40-179 of human PTRH2 (NP_057161.1).
Ē	字列	LPKSKTSKTHTDTESEASILGDSGEYKMILVVRNDLKMGKGKVAAQCSHAAVSAYKQIQRRNPEMLKQWEYCGQPKVVV KAPDEETLIALLAHAKMLGLTVSLIQDAGRTQIAPGSQTVLGIGPGPADLIDKVTGHLKLY

靶点信息



研究背景	The protein encoded by this gene is a mitochondrial protein with two putative domains, an N-terminal mit ochondrial localization sequence, and a UPF0099 domain. In vitro assays suggest that this protein posses ses peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase activity, to release the peptidyl moiety from tRNA, thereby preventing the ac cumulation of dissociated peptidyl-tRNA that could reduce the efficiency of translation. This protein also p lays a role regulating cell survival and death. It promotes survival as part of an integrin-signaling pathway for cells attached to the extracellular matrix (ECM), but also promotes apoptosis in cells that have lost the ir attachment to the ECM, a process called anoikos. After loss of cell attachment to the ECM, this protein i s phosphorylated, is released from the mitochondria into the cytosol, and promotes caspase-independent apoptosis through interactions with transcriptional regulators. This gene has been implicated in the devel opment and progression of tumors, and mutations in this gene have been associated with an infantile mu ltisystem neurologic, endocrine, and pancreatic disease (INMEPD) characterized by intellectual disability, postnatal microcephaly, progressive cerebellar atrophy, hearing impairment, polyneuropathy, failure to t hrive, and organ fibrosis with exocrine pancreas insufficiency (PMID: 25574476). Alternative splicing resu lts in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.
基因ID	51651
基因名	PTRH2
Swiss	Q9Y3E5
别名	PTRH2;BIT1;CFAP37;CGI-147;IMNEPD;PTH;PTH 2;PTH2

产品验证

实验步骤

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