

GHRL Rabbit pAb

货号: B14099

产品信息

反应	Human,Rat
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	WB: Rattus norvegicus
应用	WB IHC
推荐浓度	WB: 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC: 1:50 - 1:200
理论分子量	7kDa/9kDa/11kDa/12kDa
实测分子量	15kDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	Rat liver
细胞定位	Secreted
纯化	Affinity purification

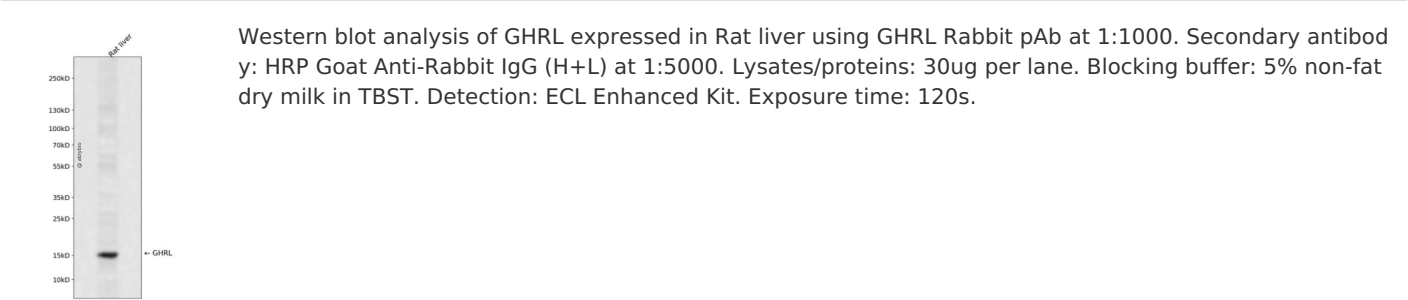
抗原信息

抗原信息	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-117 of human GHRL (NP_057446.1).
序列	MPSPGTVCSLLLLGMLWLDLAMAGSSFLSPEHQRVQQRKESKKPPAKLQPRALAGWLRPEDGGQAEGAEDELEVRFNA PFDVGIKLSGVQYQQHSQALGKFLQDILWEEAKEAPADK

靶点信息

研究背景	This gene encodes the ghrelin-obestatin preproprotein that is cleaved to yield two peptides, ghrelin and obestatin. Ghrelin is a powerful appetite stimulant and plays an important role in energy homeostasis. Its secretion is initiated when the stomach is empty, whereupon it binds to the growth hormone secretagogue receptor in the hypothalamus which results in the secretion of growth hormone (somatotropin). Ghrelin is thought to regulate multiple activities, including hunger, reward perception via the mesolimbic pathway, gastric acid secretion, gastrointestinal motility, and pancreatic glucose-stimulated insulin secretion. It was initially proposed that obestatin plays an opposing role to ghrelin by promoting satiety and thus decreasing food intake, but this action is still debated. Recent reports suggest multiple metabolic roles for obestatin, including regulating adipocyte function and glucose metabolism. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. In addition, antisense transcripts for this gene have been identified and may potentially regulate ghrelin-obestatin preproprotein expression.
基因ID	51738
基因名	GHRL
Swiss	Q9UBU3
别名	GHRL;MTLRP

产品验证



实验步骤

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