

CD225/IFITM1 Rabbit pAb

货号: B13591

产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	WB: Homo sapiens
应用	WB IHC
推荐浓度	WB: 1:200 - 1:2000 IHC: 1:50 - 1:200
理论分子量	13kDa
实测分子量	17kDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thiomersal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	K-562
细胞定位	Cell membrane,Single-pass membrane protein
纯化	Affinity purification

抗原信息

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序列	CCLGFIAFAYSVKSRDRKMVGDVTGAQAYASTAKCLNIWALILGILMTIGFILLLVFGSVTVYHIMLQIIQEKRGY

靶点信息

IFN-induced antiviral protein which inhibits the entry of viruses to the host cell cytoplasm, permitting end ocytosis, but preventing subsequent viral fusion and release of viral contents into the cytosol. Active against multiple viruses, including influenza A virus, SARS coronaviruses (SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2, Marburg virus (MARV, Ebola virus (EBOV, Dengue virus (DNV, West Nile virus (WNV, human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1 and hepatitis C virus (HCV. Can inhibit: influenza virus hemagglutinin protein-mediated viral entry, MARV and EBOV GP1,2-mediated viral entry and SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2 S protein-mediated or cell adhesion and control of cell growth and migration. Inhibits SARS-CoV-2 S protein-mediated syncytia formation. Plays a key role in the antiproliferative action of IFN-gamma eit her by inhibiting the ERK activation or by arresting cell growth in G1 phase in a p53-dependent manner. A cts as a positive regulator of osteoblast differentiation. In hepatocytes, IFITM proteins act in a coordinate d manner to restrict HCV infection by targeting the endocytosed HCV virion for lysosomal degradation. IFI TM2 and IFITM3 display anti-HCV activity that may complement the anti-HCV activity of IFITM1 by inhibiting the late stages of HCV entry, possibly in a coordinated manner by trapping the virion in the endosomal pathway and targeting it for degradation at the lysosome. BIBID BIBID		
基因名 IFITM1 Swiss P13164	研究背景	ocytosis, but preventing subsequent viral fusion and release of viral contents into the cytosol. Active agai nst multiple viruses, including influenza A virus, SARS coronaviruses (SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2, Marbur g virus (MARV, Ebola virus (EBOV, Dengue virus (DNV, West Nile virus (WNV, human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1 and hepatitis C virus (HCV. Can inhibit: influenza virus hemagglutinin protein-mediated viral entry, MARV and EBOV GP1,2-mediated viral entry and SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2 S protein-mediated viral entry. Also implicated in cell adhesion and control of cell growth and migration. Inhibits SARS-CoV-2 S protein-mediated syncytia formation. Plays a key role in the antiproliferative action of IFN-gamma eit her by inhibiting the ERK activation or by arresting cell growth in G1 phase in a p53-dependent manner. A cts as a positive regulator of osteoblast differentiation. In hepatocytes, IFITM proteins act in a coordinate d manner to restrict HCV infection by targeting the endocytosed HCV virion for lysosomal degradation. IFI TM2 and IFITM3 display anti-HCV activity that may complement the anti-HCV activity of IFITM1 by inhibiting the late stages of HCV entry, possibly in a coordinated manner by trapping the virion in the endosomal
Swiss P13164	基因ID	8519
	基因名	IFITM1
別名 IFITM1;9-27;CD225;DSPA2a;IFI17;LEU13	Swiss	P13164
	别名	IFITM1;9-27;CD225;DSPA2a;IFI17;LEU13

产品验证

实验步骤

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