

# Carbonic Anhydrase 9 (CA9/G250) Rabbit pAb

货号: B12501

产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse,Rat
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	<b>IHC:</b> Mus musculus <b>WB:</b> Homo sapiens
应用	WB
推荐浓度	<b>WB:</b> 1:500 - 1:2000
理论分子量	49kDa
实测分子量	54kDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	Mouse liver,Rat liver
细胞定位	Cell membrane,Cell projection,Nucleus,Single-pass type I membrane protein,microvillus membrane,nucleolus
纯化	Affinity purification

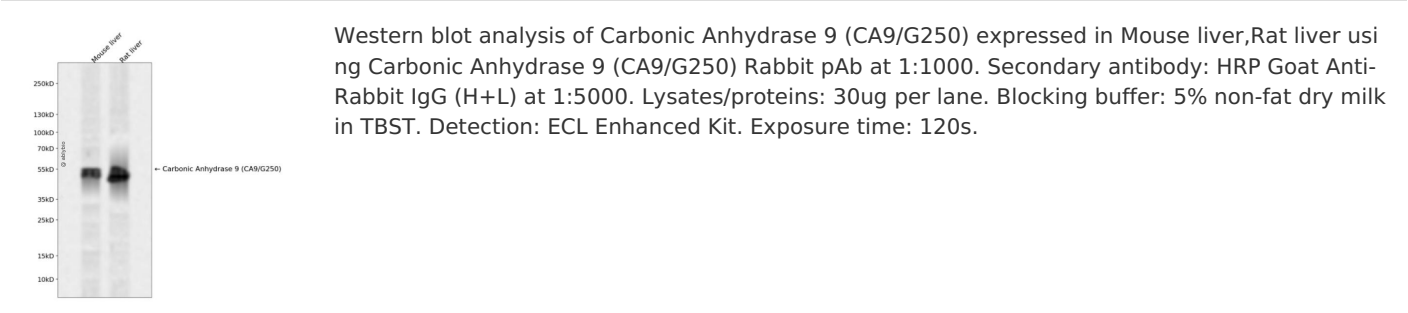
抗原信息

抗原信息	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 52-151 of human Carbonic Anhydrase 9 (CA9/G250) (NP_001207.2).
序列	GSSGEDDPLGEEDLPSEEDSPREEDPPGEEDLPGEEDLPGEEDLPEVKPKSEEEGSLKLEDLPTVEAPGDPQEPQNNNAHR DKEGDDQSHWRYGGDPPWPR

靶点信息

研究背景	Carbonic anhydrases (CAs) are a large family of zinc metalloenzymes that catalyze the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. They participate in a variety of biological processes, including respiration, calcification, acid-base balance, bone resorption, and the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, and gastric acid. They show extensive diversity in tissue distribution and in their subcellular localization. CA IX is a transmembrane protein and is one of only two tumor-associated carbonic anhydrase isoenzymes known. It is expressed in all clear-cell renal cell carcinoma, but is not detected in normal kidney or most other normal tissues. It may be involved in cell proliferation and transformation. This gene was mapped to 17q21.2 by fluorescence in situ hybridization, however, radiation hybrid mapping localized it to 9p13-p12.
基因ID	768
基因名	CA9
Swiss	Q16790
别名	CA9;CAIX;MN

产品验证



实验步骤

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