

LDL Receptor (LDLR) Rabbit pAb

货号: B12002

产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse,Rat
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	WB: Rattus norvegicus , Mus musculus
应用	WB IHC IF/ICC
推荐浓度	WB: 1:500 - 1:1000 IHC: 1:50 - 1:200 IF/ICC: 1:50 - 1:200
理论分子量	75kDa/76kDa/82kDa/90kDa/95kDa
实测分子量	100-160KDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.01% thiomersal,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	HeLa,HepG2,Mouse lung,Mouse liver,Rat brain
细胞定位	Cell membrane,Cell surface,Early endosome,Endomembrane system,Golgi apparatus,Late endosome,Lysosome,Membrane,Single-pass type I membrane protein,clathrin-coated pit
纯化	Affinity purification

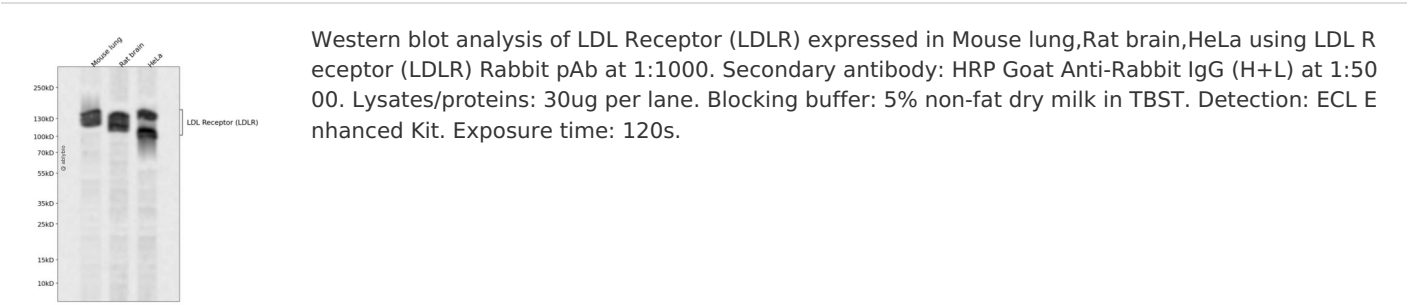
抗原信息

抗原信息	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 761-860 of human LDL Receptor (LDLR) (NP_000518.1).
序列	TVEIVTMSHQALGDVAGRGNEKKPSSVRALSIVLPVLLVFLCLGVFLLWKNWRLKNINSINFDNPVYQKTTEDEVHICHNQDGYSYPSRQMVSLDDVA

靶点信息

研究背景	The low density lipoprotein receptor (LDLR) gene family consists of cell surface proteins involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis of specific ligands. Low density lipoprotein (LDL) is normally bound at the cell membrane and taken into the cell ending up in lysosomes where the protein is degraded and the cholesterol is made available for repression of microsomal enzyme 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A (HMG CoA) reductase, the rate-limiting step in cholesterol synthesis. At the same time, a reciprocal stimulation of cholesterol ester synthesis takes place. Mutations in this gene cause the autosomal dominant disorder, familial hypercholesterolemia. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.
基因ID	3949
基因名	LDLR
Swiss	P01130
别名	LDLR;FH;FHC;LDLCQ2

产品验证



实验步骤

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