

DFFA Rabbit pAb

货号: **AYP19717**

产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Polyclonal
预测反应	
应用	WB
推荐浓度	WB: 1:500 - 1:2000
理论分子量	29kDa/36kDa
实测分子量	35kDa/45kDa
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	Jurkat,HeLa
细胞定位	Cytoplasm
纯化	Affinity purification

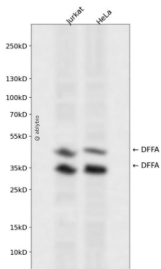
抗原信息

抗原信息	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-331 of human DFFA (NP_004392.1).
序列	MEVTGDAGVPESGEIRTLKPCLLRRNYSREQHGVAASCLEDLRKACDILAIKSLTPVTLVLAEDGTIVDDDDYFLCLPSN TKFVALASNEKWAYNNSDGGTAWISQESFDVDETDGAGLKWKNVARQLKEDLSSIIILLSEEDLQMLVDAPCSDLAQEL RQSCATVQRLQHTLQQVLDQREEVRQSKQLLQYLQALEKEGSLLSKQEESKAAFGEEDAVDTGISRETSSDVALASHIL TALREKQAPELSLSSQDLELVTKEDPKALAVALNWDIKKTETVQEACERELALRLQQTQSLHSLRSISASKASPPGDLQNP RARQDPT

靶点信息

研究背景	Apoptosis is a cell death process that removes toxic and/or useless cells during mammalian development. The apoptotic process is accompanied by shrinkage and fragmentation of the cells and nuclei and degradation of the chromosomal DNA into nucleosomal units. DNA fragmentation factor (DFF) is a heterodimeric protein of 40-kD (DFFB) and 45-kD (DFFA) subunits. DFFA is the substrate for caspase-3 and triggers DNA fragmentation during apoptosis. DFF becomes activated when DFFA is cleaved by caspase-3. The cleaved fragments of DFFA dissociate from DFFB, the active component of DFF. DFFB has been found to trigger both DNA fragmentation and chromatin condensation during apoptosis. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene.
基因ID	1676
基因名	DFFA
Swiss	O00273
别名	DFFA;DFF-45;DFF1;ICAD

产品验证



Western blot analysis of DFFA expressed in Jurkat, HeLa using DFFA Rabbit pAb at 1:1000. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) at 1:5000. Lysates/proteins: 30ug per lane. Blocking buffer: 5% non-fat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Enhanced Kit. Exposure time: 120s.

实验步骤

访问官网浏览详情: www.ablybio.cn