

Aconitase 1 (YD14355) Rabbit mAb

货号: **AYD15331**

产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse,Rat
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Monoclonal
预测反应	
应用	WB ICC/IF FC
推荐浓度	
理论分子量	98kDa
实测分子量	
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.75% BSA,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	HCT116,Mouse kidney,Rat heart,Rat kidney
细胞定位	Cytoplasm, cytosol
纯化	亲和纯化

抗原信息

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靶点信息

研究背景	The protein encoded by this gene is a bifunctional, cytosolic protein that functions as an essential enzyme in the TCA cycle and interacts with mRNA to control the levels of iron inside cells. When cellular iron levels are high, this protein binds to a 4Fe-4S cluster and functions as an aconitase. Aconitases are iron-sulfur proteins that function to catalyze the conversion of citrate to isocitrate. When cellular iron levels are low, the protein binds to iron-responsive elements (IREs), which are stem-loop structures found in the 5' UTR of ferritin mRNA, and in the 3' UTR of transferrin receptor mRNA. When the protein binds to IRE, it results in repression of translation of ferritin mRNA, and inhibition of degradation of the otherwise rapidly degraded transferrin receptor mRNA. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct functions. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants
基因ID	48
基因名	ACO1
Swiss	P21399 (https://www.uniprot.org/uniprotkb/P21399/entry)
别名	Aconitase 1 (YD14355),Aconitase 1 (YD14355) Rabbit mAb,ACO1,Citrate hydro-lyase,Ferritin repressor protein,Iron regulatory protein 1,Iron-responsive element-binding protein 1,IREB1

产品验证

实验步骤

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