

C9orf72 (YD16164) Rabbit mAb

货号: **AYD11289**

产品信息

反应	Human,Mouse,Rat
宿主	Rabbit
克隆性	Monoclonal
预测反应	
应用	WB
推荐浓度	
理论分子量	54kDa/54kDa/54kDa
实测分子量	
形式	Liquid
保存条件	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.75% BSA,50% glycerol,pH7.3.
偶联物	Unconjugated
阳性对照	
细胞定位	Cytoplasm, Nucleus, P-body, Stress granule, Endosome, Lysosome, Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome, Autolysosome, Secreted, Cell projection, axon, growth cone, Perikaryon, dendrite, Presynapse, Postsynapse, Nucleus membrane
纯化	

抗原信息

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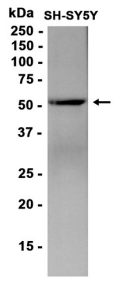
靶点信息

研究背景	<p>Acts as a guanine-nucleotide releasing factor (GEF) for Rab GTPases by promoting the conversion of inactive RAB-GDP to the active form RAB-GTP (PubMed:27103069, PubMed:27193190, PubMed:27617292, PubMed:28195531, PubMed:37821429). Acts as a GEF for RAB39A which enables HOPS-mediated autophagosome-lysosome membrane tethering and fusion in mammalian autophagy (PubMed:37821429). Component of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex where both subunits display GEF activity and that regulates autophagy (PubMed:27103069, PubMed:27193190, PubMed:27617292, PubMed:28195531). As part of the C9orf72-SMCR8-WDR41 (CSW) complex, functions as GEF for RAB8A and RAB39B, thereby promoting autophagosome maturation (PubMed:27103069). As part of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex, also functions as GTPase activating protein (GAP) for RAB8A and RAB11A in vitro (PubMed:32303654). The C9orf72-SMCR8 complex also acts as a regulator of autophagy initiation by interacting with the ULK1/ATG1 kinase complex and modulating its protein kinase activity (PubMed:27617292). Promotes initiation of autophagy by regulating the RAB1A-dependent trafficking of the ULK1/ATG1 kinase complex to the phagophore which leads to autoph</p>
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agosome formation (PubMed:27334615). Acts as a regulator of mTORC1 signaling by promoting phosphorylation of mTORC1 substrates (PubMed:27559131). Plays a role in endosomal trafficking (PubMed:24549040). May be involved in regulating the maturation of phagosomes to lysosomes (By similarity). Promotes the lysosomal localization and lysosome-mediated degradation of CARM1 which leads to inhibition of starvation-induced lipid metabolism (By similarity). Regulates actin dynamics in motor neurons by inhibiting the GTP-binding activity of ARF6, leading to ARF6 inactivation (PubMed:27723745). This reduces the activity of the LIMK1 and LIMK2 kinases which are responsible for phosphorylation and inactivation of cofilin, leading to CFL1/cofilin activation (PubMed:27723745). Positively regulates axon extension and axon growth cone size in spinal motor neurons (PubMed:27723745). Required for SMCR8 protein expression and localization at pre- and post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain, also regulates protein abundance of RAB3A and GRIA1/GLUR1 in post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain and hippocampus (By similarity). Plays a role within the hematopoietic system in restricting inflammation and the development of autoimmunity (By similarity) Acts as a guanine-nucleotide releasing factor (GEF) for Rab GTPases by promoting the conversion of inactive RAB-GDP to the active form RAB-GTP (PubMed:27193190, PubMed:27617292). Acts as a GEF for RAB39A which enables HOPS-mediated autophagosome-lysosome membrane tethering and fusion in mammalian autophagy (By similarity). Component of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex where both subunits display GEF activity and that regulates autophagy (PubMed:27193190, PubMed:27617292). As part of the C9orf72-SMCR8-WDR41 (CSW) complex, functions as GEF for RAB8A, and RAB39B, thereby promoting autophagosome maturation (By similarity). As part of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex, also functions as GTPase activating protein (GAP) for RAB8A and RAB11A in vitro (By similarity). The C9orf72-SMCR8 complex also acts as a regulator of autophagy initiation by interacting with the ULK1/ATG1 kinase complex and modulating its protein kinase activity (PubMed:27193190, PubMed:27617292). Promotes initiation of autophagy by regulating the RAB1A-dependent trafficking of the ULK1/ATG1 kinase complex to the phagophore which leads to autophagosome formation (By similarity). Acts as a regulator of mTORC1 signaling by promoting phosphorylation of mTORC1 substrates (PubMed:27875531). Plays a role in endosomal trafficking (PubMed:26989253). May be involved in regulating the maturation of phagosomes to lysosomes (PubMed:26989253). Promotes the lysosomal localization and lysosome-mediated degradation of CARM1 which leads to inhibition of starvation-induced lipid metabolism (PubMed:30366907). Regulates actin dynamics in motor neurons by inhibiting the GTP-binding activity of ARF6, leading to ARF6 inactivation (PubMed:27723745). This reduces the activity of the LIMK1 and LIMK2 kinases which are responsible for phosphorylation and inactivation of CFL1/cofilin, leading to cofilin activation (PubMed:27723745). Positively regulates axon extension and axon growth cone size in spinal motor neurons (PubMed:27723745). Required for SMCR8 protein expression and localization at pre- and post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain, also regulates protein abundance of RAB3A and GRIA1/GLUR1 in post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain and hippocampus (PubMed:31651360). Plays a role within the hematopoietic system in restricting inflammation and the development of autoimmunity (PubMed:27412785) Acts as a guanine-nucleotide releasing factor (GEF) for Rab GTPases by promoting the conversion of inactive RAB-GDP to the active form RAB-GTP. Acts as a GEF for RAB39A which enables HOPS-mediated autophagosome-lysosome membrane tethering and fusion in mammalian autophagy. Component of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex where both subunits display GEF activity and that regulates autophagy. As part of the C9orf72-SMCR8-WDR41 (CSW) complex, functions as GEF for RAB8A and RAB39B, thereby promoting autophagosome maturation. As part of the C9orf72-SMCR8 complex, also functions as GTPase activating protein (GAP) for RAB8A and RAB11A in vitro. The C9orf72-SMCR8 complex also acts as a regulator of autophagy initiation by interacting with the ULK1/ATG1 kinase complex and modulating its protein kinase activity (By similarity). Promotes initiation of autophagy by regulating the RAB1A-dependent trafficking of the ULK1/ATG1 kinase complex to the phagophore which leads to autophagosome formation. Acts as a regulator of mTORC1 signaling by promoting phosphorylation of mTORC1 substrates. Plays a role in endosomal trafficking (By similarity). May be involved in regulating the maturation of phagosomes to lysosomes (By similarity). Promotes the lysosomal localization and lysosome-mediated degradation of CARM1 which leads to inhibition of starvation-induced lipid metabolism (By similarity). Regulates actin dynamics in motor neurons by inhibiting the GTP-binding activity of ARF6, leading to ARF6 inactivation. This reduces the activity of the LIMK1 and LIMK2 kinases which are responsible for phosphorylation and inactivation of cofilin, leading to CFL1/cofilin activation. Positively regulates axon extension and axon growth cone size in spinal motor neurons (By similarity). Required for SMCR8 protein expression and localization at pre- and post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain, also regulates protein abundance of RAB3A and GRIA1/GLUR1 in post-synaptic compartments in the forebrain and hippocampus (By similarity). Plays a role within the hematopoietic system in restricting inflammation and the development of autoimmunity (By similarity)

基因ID	203228
基因名	C9orf72
Swiss	Q96LT7, Q6DFW0, Q66HC3
别名	C9orf72 (YD16164)

产品验证



实验步骤

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